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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/927,043	08/09/2001	John Franklin Ebersole	16805-00035	4734
759	90 12/07/2004		EXAMINER	
Mirick O'Connell		MENGISTU, AMARE		
DeMallie & Lou Suite 1700	igee, LLP		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
100 Front Street	į		2673	
Worcester, MA	01608-1477		DATE MAILED: 12/07/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	97
	09/927,043	EBERSOLE ET AL.	,
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Amare Mengistu	2673	
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet w	rith the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a eply within the statutory minimum of thin do will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO ute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed rty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	on.
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22	July 2004.		
•	nis action is non-final.		
Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	vance except for formal mat		s
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) <u>5-30</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrest is/are allowed. 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) <u>5-10,13,14,17,19-25 and 30</u> is/are is 7) ☐ Claim(s) <u>11,12,15,16,18 and 26-29</u> is/are observed by Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration. rejected. jected to.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Exami			
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ a	•	•	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the		, ,	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	•	• • •	(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a li	ents have been received. ents have been received in a riority documents have been eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 	

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 5,7,8,17,19-25,30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Zhang** (6,476,391) in view of **Sauer et al** (2002/0075201).

As to claims 5,7,17,19-25,30 **Zhang** teaches an augmented reality display device comprising: a self contained breathing mask (fig.2)); a head mounted display (fig.1) and a head mounted camera (fig.1 (20), fig.2 (2a)) placed proximate the user's eye to minimized the distance between the user's eye, and placed on the optical axis of the user's eyes; the a see though head mounted display (col.2, lines 12-13,); a mirror to see the camera view point (fig.1 (32)) which is mounted on a mounting plate (fig.2 (32a)); a headphone (fig.1 (46)).

Zhang did not explicitly disclose having a motion tracker coupled to the mask, computer graphics rendered by a computer to be shown to the user, and displaying a computer graphics with the user's view of the real world on the HMD.

Sauer et al. is cited to teaches that it is well known for a head up display (HUD) (fig.2a (201)) a motion tracker coupled to HUD/ camera to track the user field of view (figs. 2a, 2b HUD (201); tracker (206); cameras (202), (203); pages 2-3, [0035]), a

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computer graphics rendered by computer to be shown to the user, the computer graphics corresponding to the user's field of view as tracked by the motion tracker, so that the graphics appear to be anchored in 3-D space (fig.1 (112,114,120,122); also see, page 1 [0006]; page 2, [0020]; pages 2-3 [0035]), a see through head mounted display (HMD) mounted in front of the user's eyes on which the computer graphics are displayed, to combine the computer graphics with the user's view of real world captured by a camera (Abstract; fig.1 (110), (114),(122), (124); page 2 [0020], page 4 [0051]);

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have been motivated to incorporate the method of combining the computer graphics the user's field of view as taught by **Sauer et al** into the device of Zhang, because this will allow the user to see the combination of a real image with computer generated graphics through a display. The system can be used to provide guidance to a user, for example, providing information during a surgical procedure.

In regard to claim 8, **Zhang** teaches a headphone (fig.1 (40)), but did not specifically states that a shaft to connect to the headphone to the SCBA and use epoxy or other means to strengthen the shaft. It would have been obvious to one skill in the art to recognize that head phone of **Zhang** could be connected to the SCBA in order to make the headphone stable to the ear. However, this is an alternative to **Zhang's** headphone position. Further more, it would have been also obvious to one skill in the art to make the shafts of the headphones stronger in order to protect from braking.

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3. Claims 6, 9,10, 13, 14 and 17 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Zhang** in view of **Sauer et al** further in view of **Arai et al** (6,018,630).

As to claims 6,10, 13,14 and 17 **Zhang** as modified by **Sauer et al** teaches a head mounted display having a second camera to generate a stereoscopic view (col.3, lines 45-51, col.8, lines 55- col.9, lines 16). **Zhang** has failed to teach a mirror to set the camera viewpoint to more closely concede with the wearer's eye position. **Arai et al** is cited to teach that it is conventional for a camera to have a mirror to set the viewpoint closely to the user's eye (see, Abstract; col.2, lines 26-34,49-63).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have incorporated the use of mirror in camera as taught by **Arai** et al into the system of **Zhang**, since this will provide to position an image to near the observer's eye for a closely look of the image.

It is also well known to use some kind of protection around the mirror to prevent from damage.

Allowable Subject Matter

4. Claims 11,12,15,16,18,26-29 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed July 22,2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that **Zhang** does not disclose the followings:

- (1) Displaying computer graphic generated objects that correspond to real word or of any sort.
- (2) Does not need a motion tracker to maintain the proper camera field of view.

 The Examiner strongly disagrees with applicant's assertion.

As to (1) **Zhang** does not teach displaying a computer graphic generated objects that corresponds to real word or of any sort. **Sauer et al** is the one, which cited to teach displaying a computer graphic generated objects that corresponds to real word and not **Zhang** (see the new rejection above).

In regard to (2) **Zhang** does not need a motion tracker to maintain the proper camera field of view. The Examiner does not understand this statement by applicant. Here again **Zhang** is not the one, which cited to teach the motion tracker. Sauer et al is the one who teaches the motion tracker (see, the rejection above).

Applicants cannot show non-obviousness by attacking references individually where as here the rejections are based on combination of references.

In re Keller, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981).

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Conclusion

6. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Amare Mengistu whose telephone number is (703) 305-4880. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, T-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Bipin Shalwala can be reached on (703) 305-4938. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9314 for regular communications and (703) 872-9314 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-9600.

Amare Mengistu Primary Examiner Art Unit 2673

A.M November 30, 2004